## Retirement Planning

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## Our Time Today

DThe Basics of Financial Planning $\square$ Sources of retirement income Ilnvestment account types \& investment options $\square$ Managing your investment risk $\square$ Severance payment and the tax implications -Estate considerations QQuestion period

Retire at 65...Says Who?


The age 65 retirement was introduced in Germany in 1883 by Chancellor Bismarck

Life expectancy was about 40 years old

The golden years were considered to be between 25 and 40


## Demographics of Retirement



Average years life expectancy

Chance at least one will live to 90


Average spent per year by Canadian senior on healthcare

Current 10-year Canadian government bond yield

The Basics of
Financial Planning?


## Spend Less Than You Make

- Identify the sources of income
- Evaluate your spending priorities and the timing of your spending
- Understand your non-discretionary expenses vs discretionary expenses



## Understand Your Risk

- What would you rank as most people's most valuable asset?
- This is where insurance, life, disability, and critical illness play a part in your financial planning
- What is important to you


## Types of Insurance



Temporary Life (rent)

- Term Life $(10,20,30)$
- Creditor Life
- Group Life

Permanent Life (own)

- Term 100
- Universal Life
- Whole Life


Other

- Disability
- Critical Illness
- Long Term Care


## Free Money is Always Good



## Employer programs

- Medical/Dental plans
- Pension
- Group RRSP matching

Government programs

- RESP Grant
- RDSP Grant
- Disability Tax Credit


## Understand Your Tax Situation

## Average Tax Rate

- Total amount of tax divided by total income


## Marginal Tax Rate

- The incremental tax paid on incremental income
- The incremental tax reduction on incremental income deductions

Understand your different sources of income and the taxes withheld at source

- Work, CPP, OAS \& Tax Implications


## Tax Planning

Understanding + managing your tax brackets
Marginal Tax Brackets
How do RRSP/RRIF withdrawals get taxed
Tax instalments
Pension Income splitting
Optimizing your tax brackets

| First \$25,000 | $23.79 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Over \$25,000 up to \$29,590 | $24.32 \%$ |
| Over \$29, 590 up to \$53,359 | $30.48 \%$ |
| Over \$53,359 up to \$59,180 | $35.98 \%$ |
| Over \$59,180 up to \$74,999 | $37.70 \%$ |
| Over \$74,999 up to \$93,000 | $37.17 \%$ |
| Over \$93,000 up to \$106,717 | $38.00 \%$ |
| Over \$106,717 up to \$150,000 | $43.50 \%$ |
| Over \$150,000 up to \$165,430 | $47.00 \%$ |
| Over \$165,430 up to \$235,675 | $50.32 \%$ |
| Over \$235,675 | $54.00 \%$ |

## NB Marginal Tax Brackets

| First \$47,715 | $24.40 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Over \$47,715 up to \$53,359 | $29.00 \%$ |
| Over \$53,359 up to \$95,431 | $34.50 \%$ |
| Over \$95,431 up to \$106,717 | $36.50 \%$ |
| Over \$106,717 up to \$165,430 | $42.00 \%$ |
| Over \$165,430 up to \$176,756 | $45.32 \%$ |
| Over \$176,756 up to \$235,675 | $48.82 \%$ |
| Over \$235,675 | $52.50 \%$ |

## PEI Marginal Tax Brackets

| Up to \$31,984 | $24.80 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 31,984$ to \$53,359 | $28.80 \%$ |
| \$53,589 to \$63,969 | $34.30 \%$ |
| \$63,969 to \$100,664 | $37.20 \%$ |
| \$100,664 to \$106,717 | $38.87 \%$ |
| \$106,717 to \$165,430 | $44.37 \%$ |
| \$165,430 to \$235,675 | $47.69 \%$ |
| Over \$235,675 | $51.37 \%$ |

## Singles, Not Home Runs

## Small decisions can add up over time

- Cash in bank account earning no interest, line of credit, or worse, credit card charging higher interest
- Take the cash and pay down the line of credit
- Pay off credit card balance with LOC
- Re-negotiate debt to a lower interest rate
- Save an extra \$50/month in the children's RESP (20\% CESG)
- Review insurance needs on a regular basis



## Good Debt vs Bad Debt

- Good debt
- Purchase of an asset that will generate an income, expanding a business, income producing real estate, etc.
- Questionable Good debt
- A loan to move family to a new city for a job opportunity
- Bad debt
- Doesn't provide a monetary benefit, related to unnecessary consumer purchases, not tax deductible, etc.


## Prepare for Emergencies



## The Financial Plan

1) Discovery

- What is most important to you about money?

2) Data Gathering

- Net Worth
- Cash Flow
$\square$ Insurance coverage

3) Analysis

- The math

4) Recommendations
$\square$ Should sound like common sense
5) Implementation

- Action plan

6) Review
$\square$ Monitor and adjust as necessary

## Retirement Sources of Income

- CPP
- OAS
- Pension Income
- Investments
- Outside business activity (rental property)
- Potentially RDSP
- Still working ('rehirement')



## Pensions



## Canada Pension Plan (CPP)

Standard age to start pension is 65

You can start as early as 60 $0.6 \%$ reduction per month prior to age 65

You can defer as late as age 70 0.7\% enhancement per month after age 65


## Pension Splitting/Sharing



Who knows what their CPP numbers are?


## Investment Account Types \& Investment Options

## POLL

Do you know the difference between an RRSP and a TFSA?


## Registered

Retirement Savings Plan (RRSP)

## Tax Free Savings

 Account (TFSA)


## vs Paying Down Debt

## What if you took your tax return and put it in your RRSP?



## Spousal RRSP

- Attribution rules



## Additional Accounts



Registered Retirement Income Fund (RRIF) / Life Income Fund (LIF)

Locked-in retirement account (LIRA) /Locked-in retirement savings plan (LRSP)

Cash / Non-Registered

## Registered Education Savings Plan (RESP)

- \$2,500 Contribution
- \$500 Grant
- Payable until age 17
- Lifetime Grant Max
- \$7,200



## Registered Disability Savings Plan (RDSP)

- \$1,500 Contribution
- Up to \$3,500 Grant
- \$70,000 Lifetime Max
- Grant payable until age 49
- Up to $\$ 1,000$ Annual Bond
- \$20,000 Lifetime Max


## Investing vs Speculating

## Investing

- Reasonable expectation of profit
- Free cash flow, earnings growth, etc.


## Speculating

- Potential for permanent loss of capital
- No earnings, built on hopes


## Managing Your <br> Investment Risk

Capacity vs willingness to take on risk
Time horizon

Portfolio income requirements

Cash needs


Your personal temperament

## Time horizon is key to your investment allocation



## Tax Planning

## CRA My Account for Individuals

https://www.canada.ca/en/revenue-agency/services/e-services/e-services-individuals/account-individuals.html


## My Account for Individuals

## (i) Multi-factor authentication

The CRA has added multi-factor authentication for all users to help make your CRA sign-in services more secure! To ensure everyone can use it, we've introduced a new passcode grid option. Learn more at Multi-factor authentication to access CRA sign-in services.

If your CRA user ID and password have been revoked
Some taxpayers may have received a notification that their CRA user ID and password have been revoked. Visit CRA user ID and password have been revoked for more information.
(i) Try My Account's new look and fee!!

My Account has a new look! Check it out - sign in and select "Try the new My Account BETA. It features an improved look and feel, and it's easier to use. To learn more: $M x$ Account - What's new - Canada.ca

My Account is a secure portal that lets you view your personal income tax and benefit information and manage your tax affairs online.

Choose from one of three ways to access My Account:
(1) Note: Before you can register using option 1 or 2 , you must have filed your income tax and benefit return for the current tax year or the previous one.

Option 1 - Using one of our Sign-In Partners
Sign in or register with the same sign-in information you use for other online services (for example, online banking).

- View list of Sign-In Partner


## Option 2 - Using a CRA user ID and password

Sign in with CRA CRA user ID and password, or register.

## RPP

## Tax Implication of Receiving a Severance Payment

Eligible rollover to RRSP

- \$2,000 per year of RPP service prior to 1996, plus
- \$1,500 per year of service prior to 1988 where no pension service was earned

Otherwise taxable


## Bridge to <br> Estate Planning

- Do you have a Will
- Have you granted power of attorney to a trusted individual in case you become incapable of managing your affairs?
- Do you have goals for your estate?
- Spend it all
- Leave as much for the kids as possible
- Leave to charities



## Other Things to Consider

- Self-management vs working with a financial advisor
- How to find a good financial advisor?
- Credentials, independence
- Difference between an advisor and salesperson
- How much does it cost to get advice?



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# Questions? 

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ENGORE

## Power of Compounding

How many times do you need to double a \$1 to get to \$1million?

Double 10 times = \$1,024
Double 15 times $=\$ 32,768$
Double 20 times $=\$ 1,048,576$


## Growth of savings accounts



INVESTING \$5 A DAY


## Investment Options

- GICs
- Bonds
- Stocks
- Mutual Funds
- Exchange Traded Funds (ETF)
- Real Estate


## RISK TOLERANGE




## Volatility

Does it sometimes feel like you're on a roller
coaster?

- On average, the market dips by around 10\% once per calendar year, and over 20\% once every 5 years
- Volatility vs permanent loss of capital
- Cycle of market emotions



## Accumulation to Decumulation

Savings accounts are turning into spending accounts
Which accounts should you draw from for those additional expenses, beyond what your pension is covering (big trips, home repairs, vehicle replacement, children's first home, children's wedding, grandkids, etc)

Layering your income in retirement



